United States District Court

for the

District of Puerto Rico

United States of America)		
V.)		00 540 (400)
Lenin René González-Peña)	Case No.	22-510 (ADC)
Defendant	_)		

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

✓ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or

☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)					
☐ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met:					
☐ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):					
☐ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.					
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or					
□ (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or					
(c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the					
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or					
\Box (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs					
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or					
\Box (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:					
(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and					
☐ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.					
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>					
☐ (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was					
committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and					
(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the					
defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later					

- **▼B.** Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
 - (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
 - **☑** (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
 - □ (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
 - ☐ (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
 - □ (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.

▼ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above

☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)

OR

The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.

Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention

After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing, the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:

- By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
- By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.

In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:

Ą	Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong
4	Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
	Prior criminal history
	Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
	History of violence or use of weapons
	History of alcohol or substance abuse
	Lack of stable employment
	Lack of stable residence
	Lack of financially responsible sureties

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☐ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district					
☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States					
☐ Lack of legal status in the United States					
☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration					
☐ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered					
☐ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement					
☐ Use of alias(es) or false documents					
☐ Background information unknown or unverified					
 Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release 					

OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

The Government proffered evidence that Defendant actively participated in the November 2022 at sea interdiction which resulted in the death of a law enforcement officer and the seizure of over 1000 kilos of cocaine. Defendant is allegedly a logistics coordinator and contact person for the distribution of controlled substances brought to Puerto Rico by sea. The Government also proffered that Defendant has unexplained wealth as he reported to the Department of Treasury a total income of \$110,000 for the years 2019 through 2023, but he is the registered owner of 14 cars, 2 boats and a house. The Government also argued that Defendant has ties to the Dominican Republic, and that he was arrested prior to boarding a flight to the Dominican Republic. Although Defendant does not have a criminal conviction, the Government proffered that he was previously charged with a crime of violence, which included threats, intimidation, assault and the restriction of liberty of the alleged victim.

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	08/09/2024	s/ Giselle López-Soler
		United States Magistrate Judge